

Trig 3.7

Graph rational functions

Determine horizontal, vertical, slant asymptotes

rational function $y=1/x$

vertical asymptote

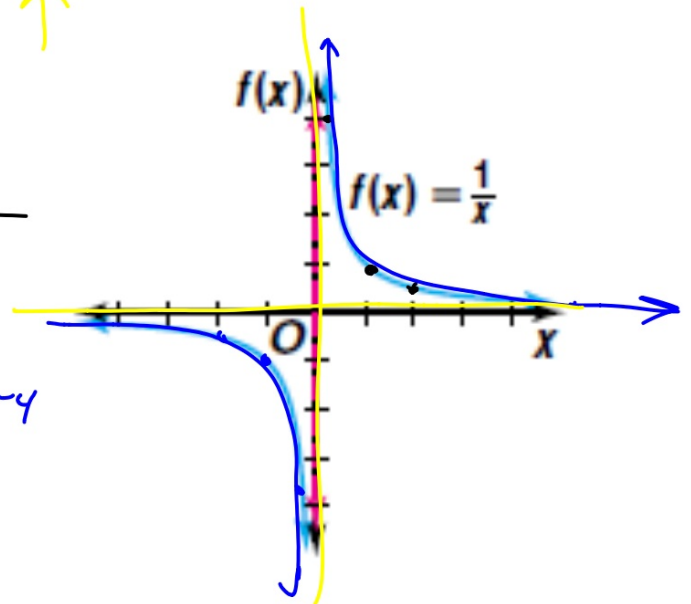
horizontal asymptote

point discontinuity

slant asymptote

common factor

x	$\frac{1}{x}$
-1	-1
-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} = -4$
0	$\frac{1}{0}$



deg denom $y=0$ (higher)
 ratio (equal)
 (lower)

Determine the equations of the vertical and horizontal asymptotes, if any, of each function.

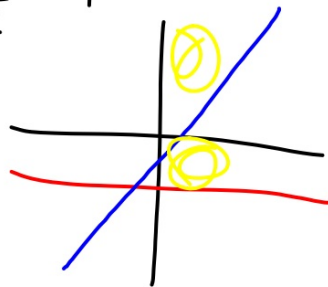
5. $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x-5)}$

$x-5=0$
 $x=5$

maybe
 slant

VA $x=5$

HA $y = \frac{x}{x} = 1$



6. $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{(x-2)(x+1)}$

$x-2=0$
 $x=2$

$x+1=0$
 $x=-1$

VA $x=2$ $x=-1$

HA none

horizontal: **degrees**
 if denom is higher:
 if it's a tie:
 if denom is lower:

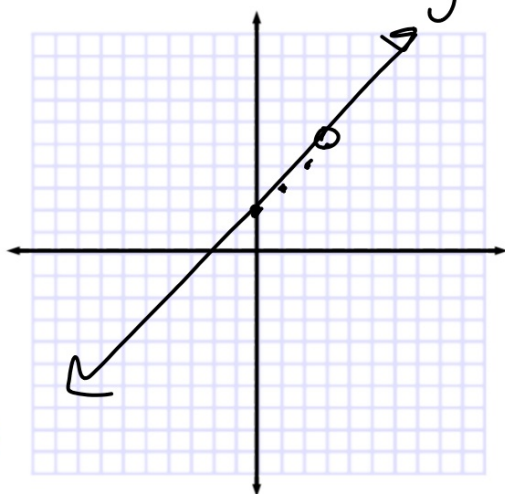
There are times when the numerator and denominator of a rational function share a common factor. Consider $f(x) = \frac{(x+2)(x-3)}{(x-3)x}$. Since an x -value of 3 results in a denominator of 0, you might expect there to be a vertical asymptote at $x = 3$. However, $x - 3$ is a common factor of the numerator and denominator.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$$

point discount.

$$y = x + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} x - 3 &= 0 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$



Comr

continuity

Graph each function.

$$y = x - 1$$

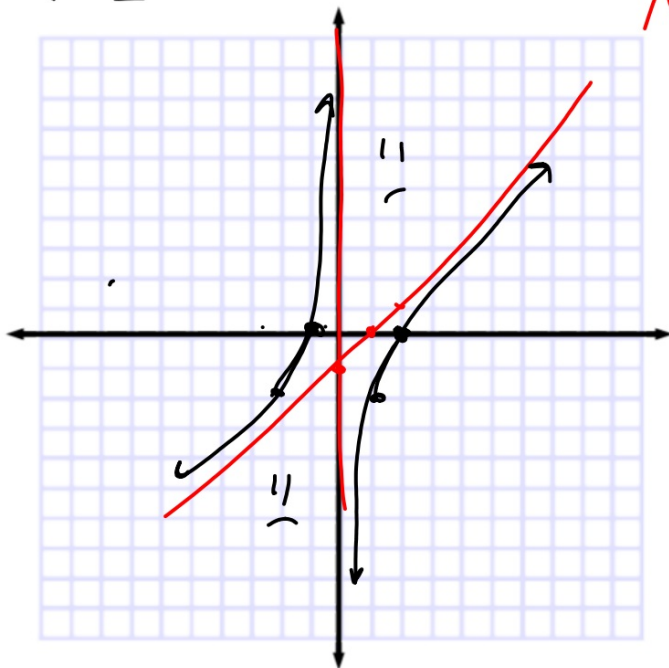
35. $y = \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{x} \times \sqrt{x^2 - x - 2}$

$$x-2=0 \quad x+1=0$$

$$x=2 \quad x=-1$$

$$-x^2 + x$$

$$-2$$



Determine:

common factors (holes)

VA $x = 0$

~~HA~~

SA* $y = x - 1$

crossing point(s) x -intercept

Test point(s)

* Can have one or the other, but not both

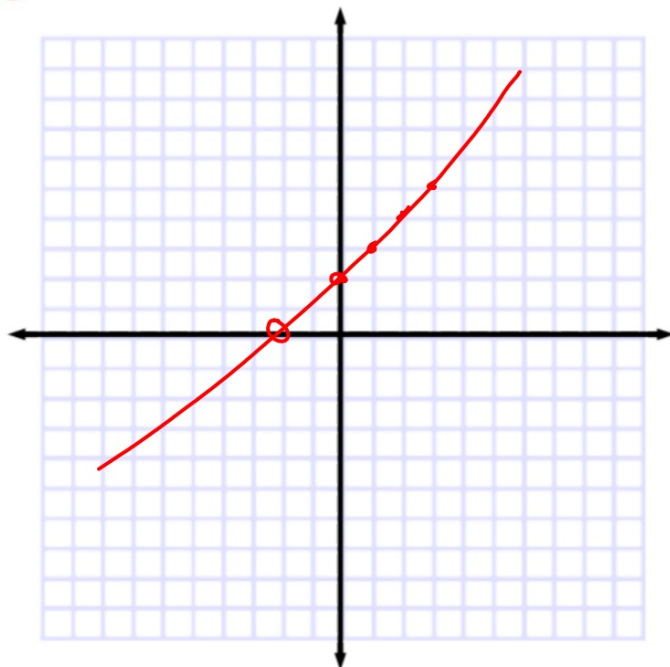
PD - none

$$\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x} \quad \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{x}$$

1	$-\frac{2}{1}$	-2
2	$\frac{4-2-2}{2}$	0
-1	$\frac{1+1-2}{-1}$	0
-2	$\frac{4+2-2}{-2}$	$\frac{y}{-2} - 2$

$$12. y = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 4}{x + 2} \quad \frac{(x+2)(\cancel{x+2})}{\cancel{x+2}}$$

$$y = x + 2$$



Determine:
common factors

~~VA~~

HA

crossing point(s)

SA

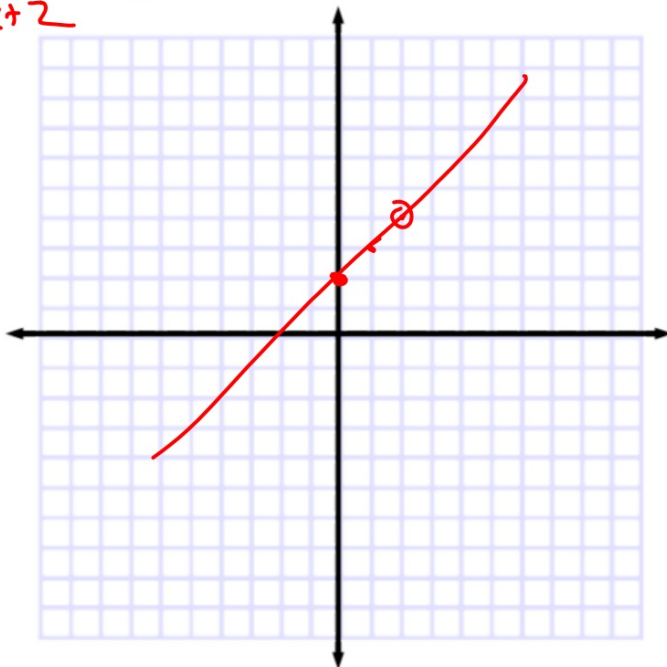
Test point(s)

$$x = -2 \text{ P.D.}$$

36. $y = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$

$$\frac{\cancel{(x-2)}(x+2)}{\cancel{x-2}}$$

$y = x + 2$



Determine:
common factors

VA

HA

crossing point(s)

SA

Test point(s)

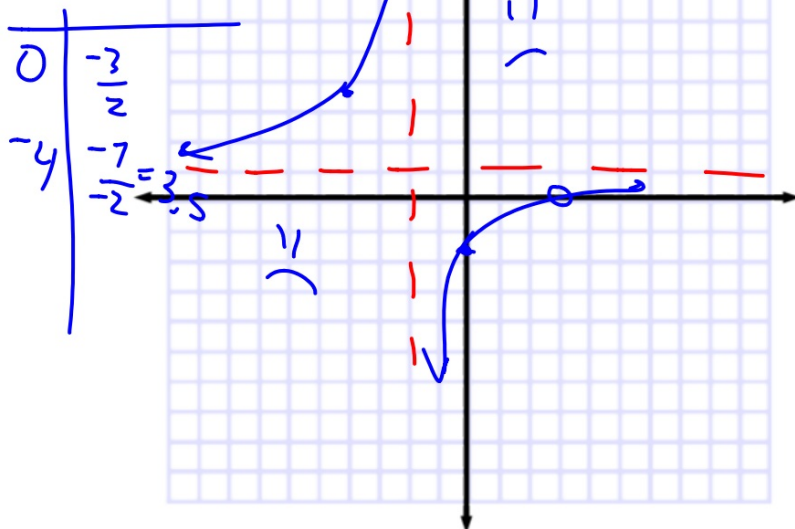
PD $x = 2$

39. $y = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 9}{x^2 - x - 6}$

$$\frac{\cancel{(x-3)}(x-3)}{\cancel{(x-3)}(x+2)}$$

$$y = \frac{x'}{x'} = 1$$

$$\frac{x-3}{x+2}$$



Determine:
 common factors
 VA
 HA
 crossing point(s)
 SA
 Test point(s)

$$PD \quad x = 3$$

5

Graph $y = \frac{(x+3)(x+1)}{x(x+3)(x-2)}$.

$$\frac{x+1}{x(x-2)}$$

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Determine:

common factors

VA $x=0$ $x=2$

HA

crossing point(s)

SA

Test point(s)

PD $x=-3$ 