

Geometry 4.4

Use SSS to test for triangle congruence

Use SAS to test for triangle congruence

$$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle RQS$$

corresponding parts (of a triangle)

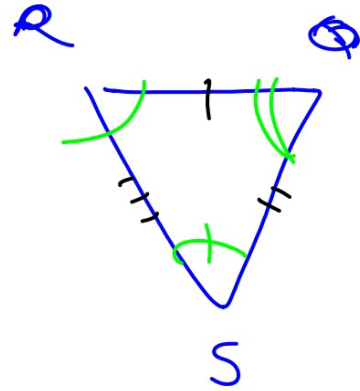
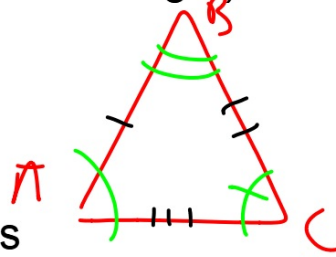
included angle

construction

CPCTC -

activ: exploragons

spaghetti triangles

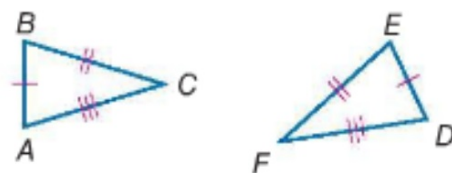


construction: SSS, SAS triangles

Postulate 4.1 Side-Side-Side (SSS) Congruence

If three sides of one triangle are congruent to three sides of a second triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

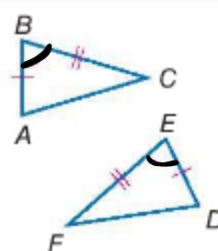
Example If Side $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$,
Side $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{EF}$, and
Side $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$,
then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.



Postulate 4.2 Side-Angle-Side (SAS) Congruence

Words If two sides and the included angle of one triangle are congruent to two sides and the included angle of a second triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

Example If Side $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$,
Angle $\angle B \cong \angle E$, and
Side $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{EF}$,
then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.

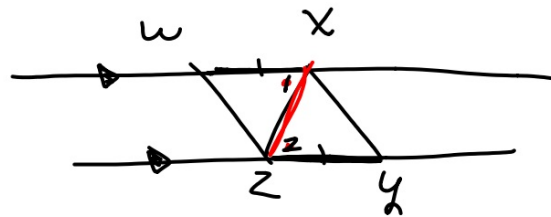
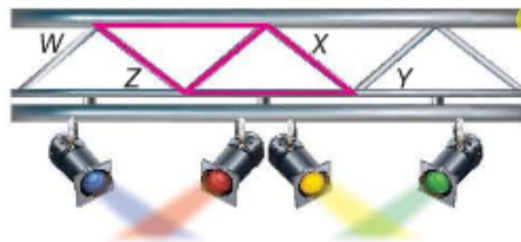


SAS SSS

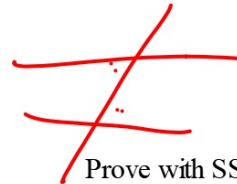


Real-World Example 3 Use SAS to Prove Triangles are Congruent

LIGHTING The scaffolding for stage lighting shown appears to be made up of congruent triangles. If $\overline{WX} \cong \overline{YZ}$ and $\overline{WX} \parallel \overline{ZY}$, write a two-column proof to prove that $\triangle WXZ \cong \triangle YZX$.



$\text{G: } \overline{WX} \cong \overline{YZ} \quad \overline{WX} \parallel \overline{ZY}$ $\text{P: } \triangle WXZ \cong \triangle YZX$	
1. $\overline{WX} \cong \overline{YZ}$ $\overline{WX} \parallel \overline{ZY}$	1. given
2. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$	2. AIA
3. $\overline{XZ} \cong \overline{XZ}$	3. reflex.
$\triangle WXZ \cong \triangle YZX$	SAS



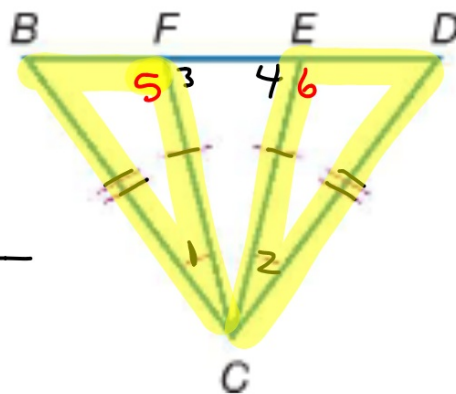
Prove with SSS or SAS...there are others

Example 4 Use SAS or SSS in Proofs

Write a paragraph proof.

Given: $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{DC}$, $\angle BCF \cong \angle DCE$, $\overline{FC} \cong \overline{EC}$

Prove: $\angle CFD \cong \angle CEB$



$$1. \overline{BC} \cong \overline{DC} \quad \angle 1 \cong \angle 2$$

$$\overline{FC} \cong \overline{EC}$$

$$2. \triangle BFC \cong \triangle DEC$$

$$3. \angle 5 \cong \angle 6$$

$$4. \angle 3 + \angle 5 = 180$$

$$\angle 4 + \angle 6 = 180$$

$$5. \angle 3 + \angle 5 = \angle 4 + \angle 6$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \angle 5 \quad \quad \quad \angle 6$$

$$6. \angle 3 \cong \angle 4$$

1. given

2. SAS

3. CPCTC

4. def lin pair

5. subs

6. subtr./subs.

