

Algebra 1

3.4

Write and graph direct variation equations

Solve direct variation problems

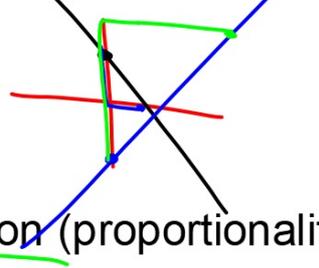
y-intercept

slope  $m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$

direct variation

constant of variation (proportionality)  $k$

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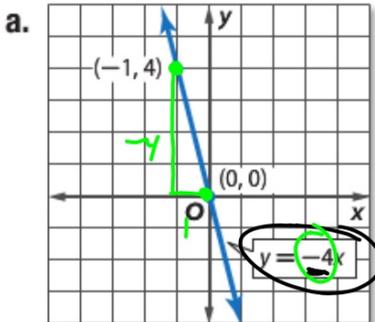
COV comes  $k$   
 from equation  
 Slope from  $m$   
 ordered pairs

$$y = k \cdot x$$

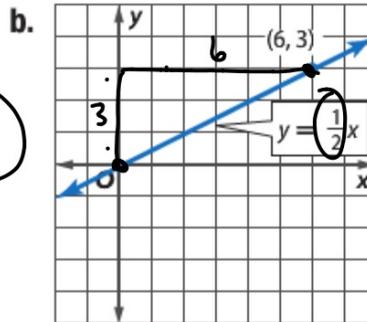


**Example 1** Slope and Constant of Variation

Name the constant of variation for each equation. Then find the slope of the line that passes through each pair of points.



C.O.V. =  $-4$   
 $m = \frac{-4}{1}$



C.O.V. =  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $m = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$

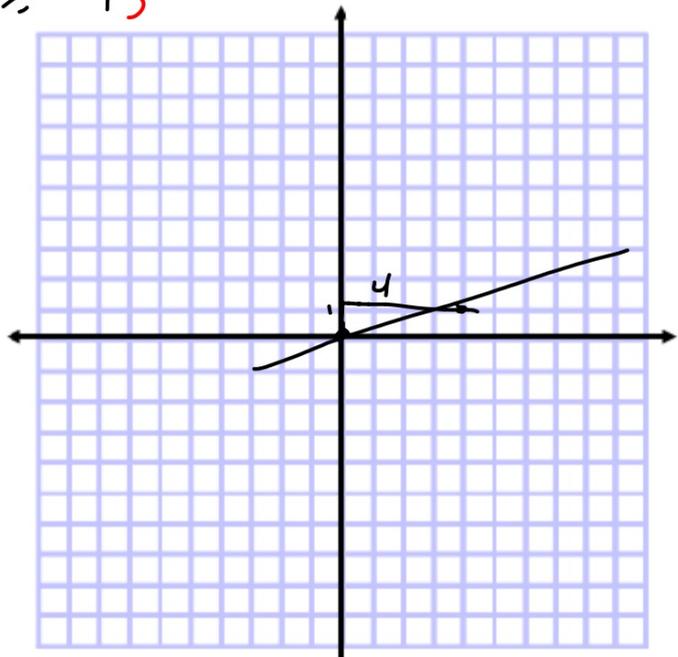
**Guided Practice**

COV.  $\frac{1}{4}$

**1A.** Name the constant of variation for  $y = \frac{1}{4}x$ . Then find the slope of the line that passes through  $(0, 0)$  and  $(4, 1)$ , two points on the line.  $m = \frac{1}{4}$

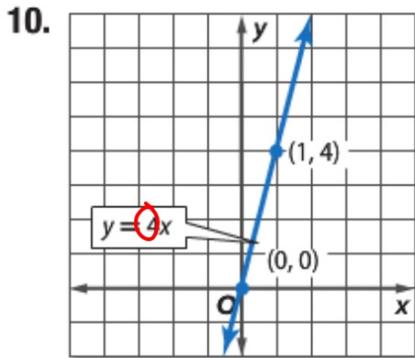
**1B.** Name the constant of variation for  $y = -2x$ . Then find the slope of the line that passes through  $(0, 0)$  and  $(1, -2)$ , two points on the line.

COV =  $-2$   
 $m = -\frac{2}{1}$

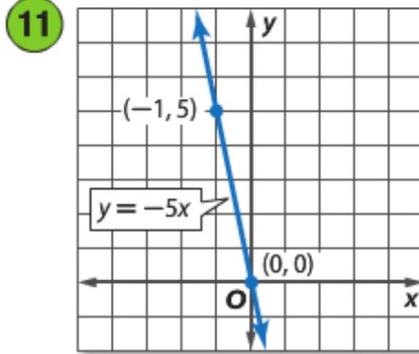


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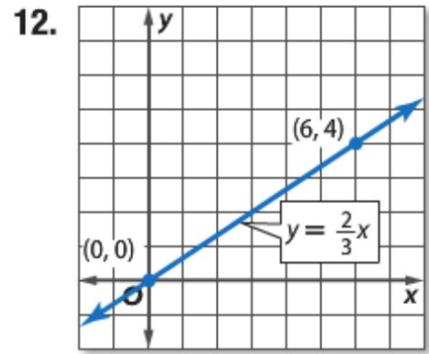
Name the constant of variation for each equation. Then find the slope of the line that passes through each pair of points.



$$\text{COV} = 4$$
$$m = \frac{4}{1}$$

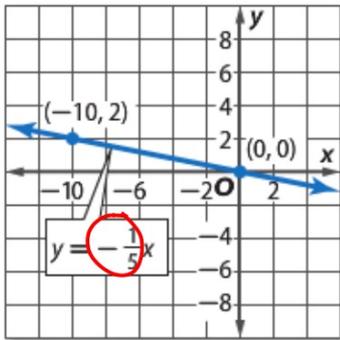


$$\text{COV} = -5$$
$$m = \frac{-5}{1}$$



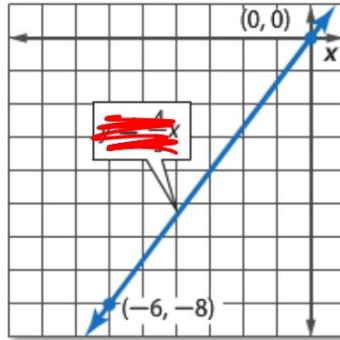
$$\text{COV} = \frac{2}{3}$$
$$m = \frac{2}{3}$$

13.

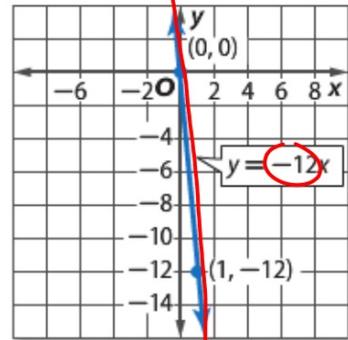


$$COV = -\frac{1}{5}$$
$$m = -\frac{1}{5}$$

14.



15.



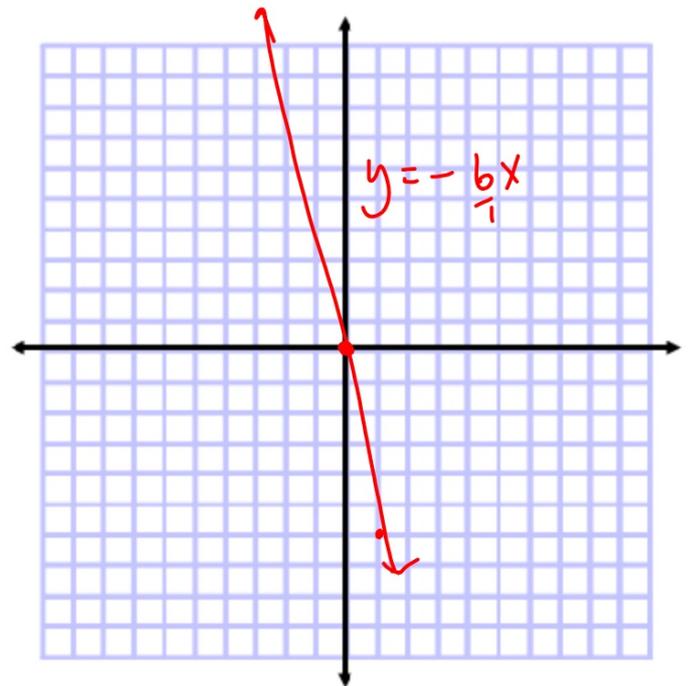
$$COV = -12$$
$$m = -\frac{12}{1}$$

$$y = k \cdot x$$

**Example 2** Graph a Direct Variation

Graph  $y = -6x$ .

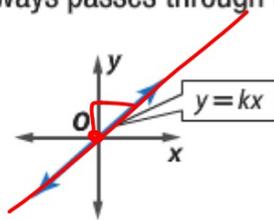
$(0, 0)$



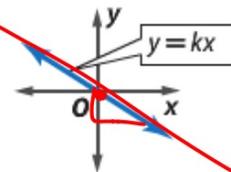


## ConceptSummary Direct Variation Graphs

- Direct variation equations are of the form  $y = kx$ , where  $k \neq 0$ .
- The graph of  $y = kx$  always passes through the origin.
- The slope is positive if  $k > 0$ .



- The slope is negative if  $k < 0$ .



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**2A.**  $y = 6x$



**2B.**  $y = \frac{2}{3}x$

**2C.**  $y = -5x$

**2D.**  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x$

$$\frac{-3}{-4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = kx \quad (8, 72)$$

**Example 3** Write and Solve a Direct Variation Equation

Suppose  $y$  varies directly as  $x$ , and  $y = 72$  when  $x = 8$ .

a. Write a direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ .

$$\frac{72}{8} = \frac{k \cdot 8}{8} \quad y = 9x$$
$$9 = k$$

b. Use the direct variation equation to find  $x$  when  $y = 63$ .

$$y = 9x$$
$$\frac{63}{9} = \frac{9 \cdot x}{9} \quad x = 7$$

1. find the constant
2. write the equation
3. answer the question

3. Suppose  $y$  varies directly as  $x$ , and  $y = 98$  when  $x = 14$ . Write a direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ . Then find  $y$  when  $x = -4$ .

$(14, 98)$ ?  $x$

$$y = kx$$

$$\frac{98}{14} = \frac{k \cdot 14}{14}$$

$$7 = k$$

$$y = 7x$$

$$y = 7 \cdot -4$$

$$y = -28$$

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Suppose  $y$  varies directly as  $x$ . Write a direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ .  
Then solve.

30. If  $y = 3.2$  when  $x = 1.6$ , find  $y$  when  $x = 19$ .

$(1.6, 3.2)$

$$y = kx$$
$$\frac{3.2}{1.6} = \frac{k \cdot 1.6}{1.6}$$
$$2 = k$$

$$y = 2x$$
$$y = 2 \cdot 19$$
$$y = 38$$

**31.** If  $y = 15$  when  $x = \frac{3}{4}$ , find  $x$  when  $y = 25$ .

32. If  $y = 4.5$  when  $x = 2.5$ , find  $y$  when  $x = 12$ .

There are other kinds of variation:  
inverse  
combined