

Algebra 1 7.5

Graph exponential functions

Identify behavior that displays exponential behavior

base $b > 1$

exponent

y-intercept

rate of change

linear

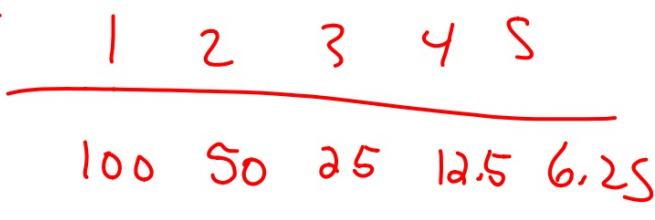
exponential growth

exponential decay

whiteboards

$0 < b < 1$

$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$



$$\div 2 \quad \times \frac{1}{2}$$

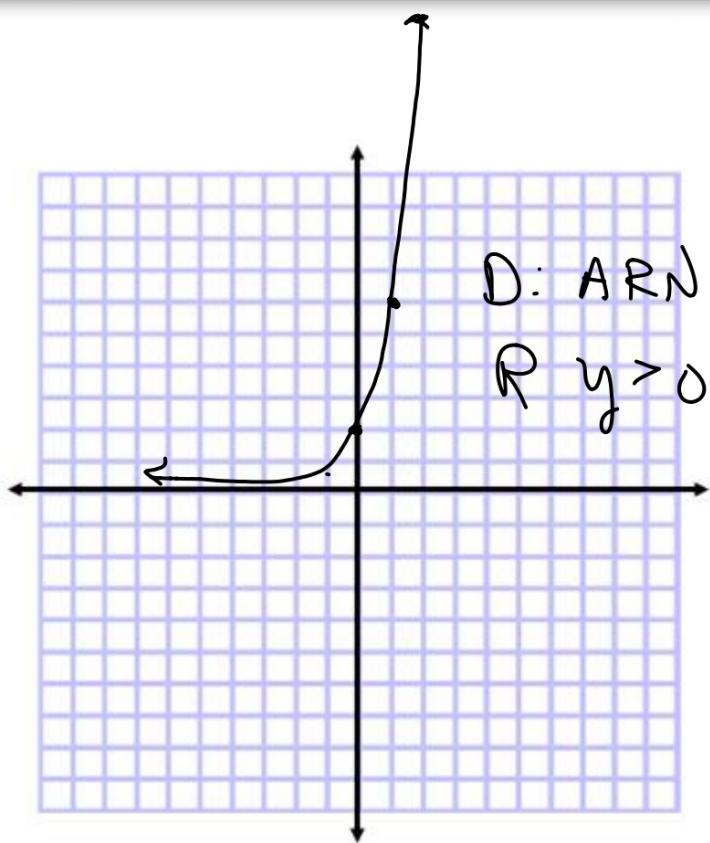
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KeyConcept Exponential Function

Words An exponential function of the form $y = ab^x$

Examples $y = 2(3)^x$

	$2(3)^x$
-1	$2 \cdot 3^{-1} = \frac{2}{3}$
0	$2 \cdot 3^0 = 2$
1	$2 \cdot 3^1 = 6$
2	$2 \cdot 3^2 = 18$



Key Concept Graphs of Exponential Functions

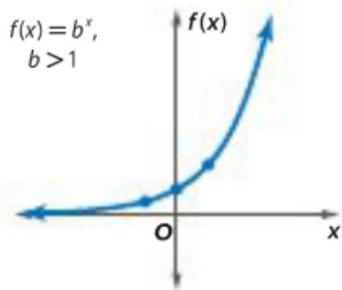
Exponential Growth Functions

Equation: $f(x) = ab^x$, $a > 0$, $b > 1$

Domain, Range: all reals; all positive reals

Intercepts: one y -intercept, no x -intercepts

End behavior: as x increases, $f(x)$ increases; as x decreases, $f(x)$ approaches 0



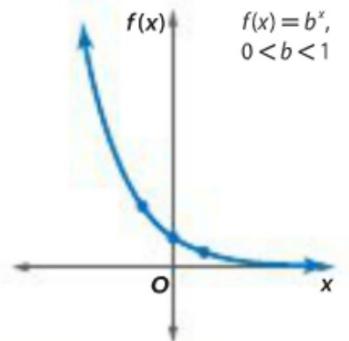
Exponential Decay Functions

Equation: $f(x) = ab^x$, $a > 0$, $0 < b < 1$

Domain, Range: all reals; all positive reals

Intercepts: one y -intercept, no x -intercepts

End behavior: as x increases, $f(x)$ approaches 0; as x decreases, $f(x)$ increases



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Examples 1-2 Graph each function. Find the y -intercept and state the domain and range.

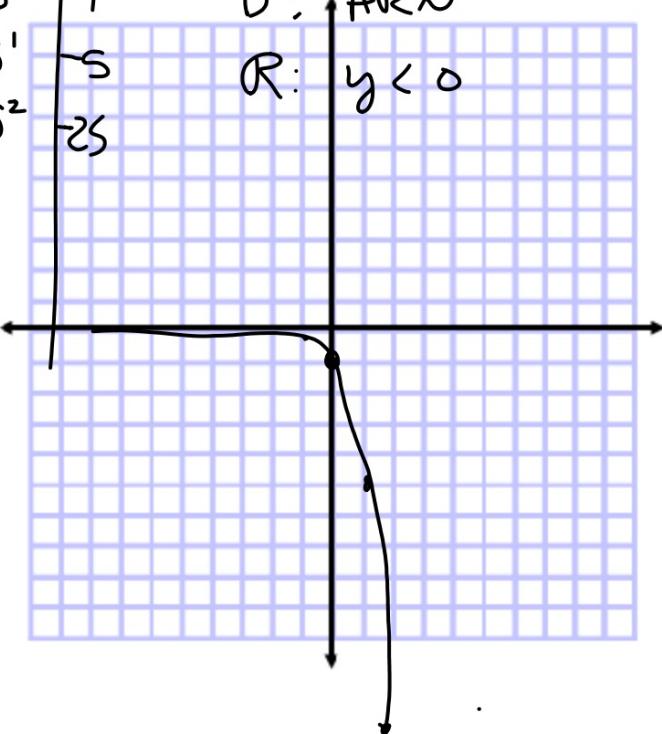
1. $y = 2^x$

	$y = 2^x$
-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$
0	1
1	2
2	4

$y_{int} (0, 1)$

D: $\mathbb{R} \sim$

R: $y < 0$

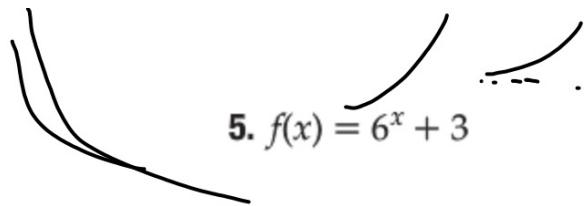


2. $y = -5^x$

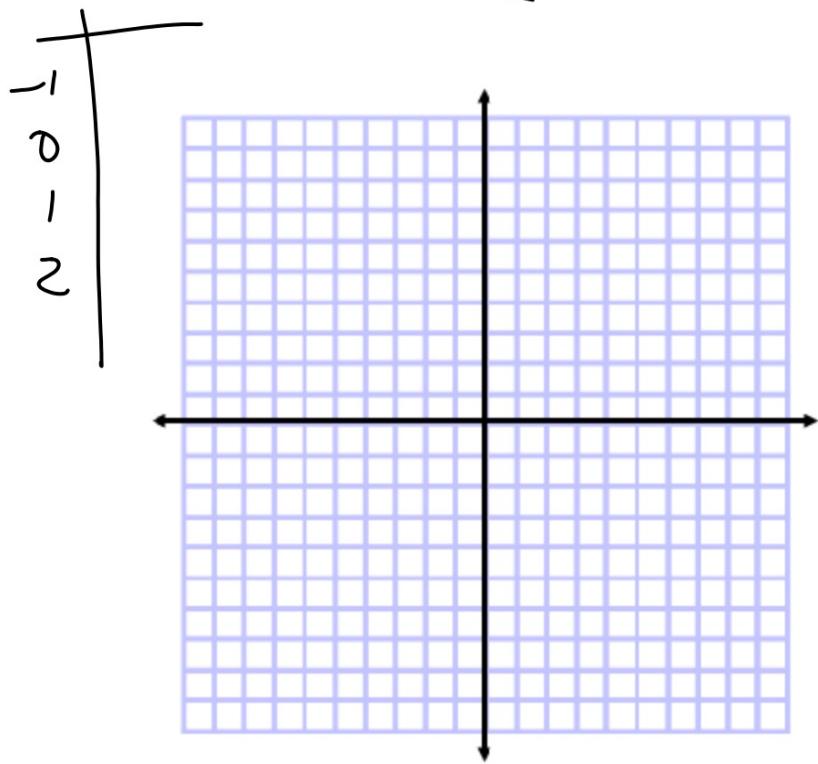
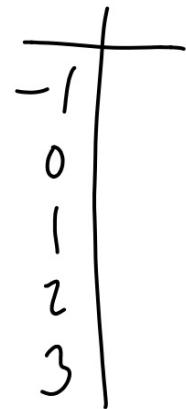
3. $y = -\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x$

1. What shape is it?
2. Find ordered pairs (table)
3. Follow order of operations in equation

$$4. y = 3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x$$



$$5. f(x) = 6^x + 3$$



Is it a multiplication rule?

4. Determine whether the set of data shown below displays exponential behavior. Write *yes* or *no*. Explain why or why not.



x	0	3	6	9	12	15
y	12	16	20	24	28	32

Is it a multiplication rule?

9.

x	2	4	6	8	10	12
y	1	4	16	64	32	128

128

512

Is it a multiplication rule?

8.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	-4	-2	0	2	4	6

Guided Practice

Gem 3

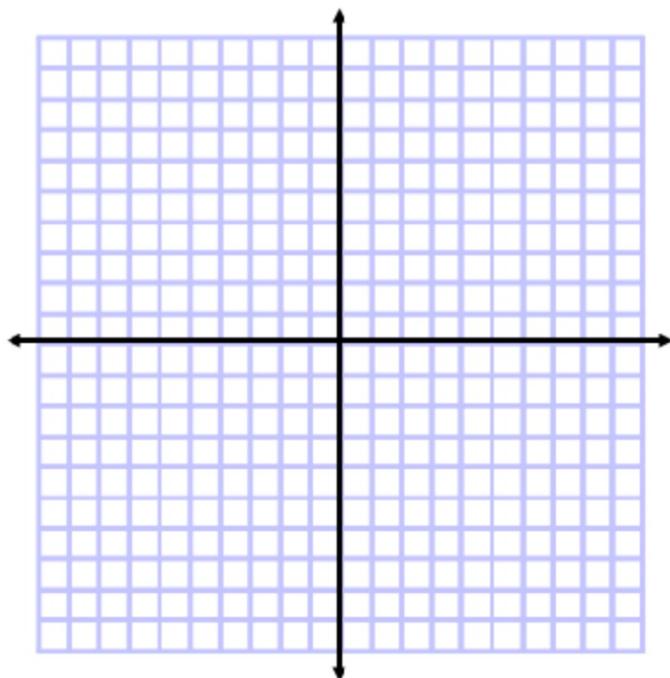
3. **BIOLOGY** A certain bacteria population doubles every 20 minutes. Beginning with 10 cells in a culture, the population can be represented by the function $B = 10(2)^t$, where B is the number of bacteria cells and t is the time in 20 minute increments. How many will there be after 2 hours?

$$B = 10(2)^t$$

$$B = 10(2)^6$$

$$= 10 \cdot 64$$

$$= 640$$



WB 7.5