

Algebra 1 9.2

Solve quadratic equations by graphing

Estimate quadratic solutions by graphing

integer

Solution

Root

x-intercept

Double root

standard form

equation

related function

Whiteboards

← x-intercept

- whole no. + opp

} x-axis

$$0 = x^2 + 6x + 9$$

$$= 0$$

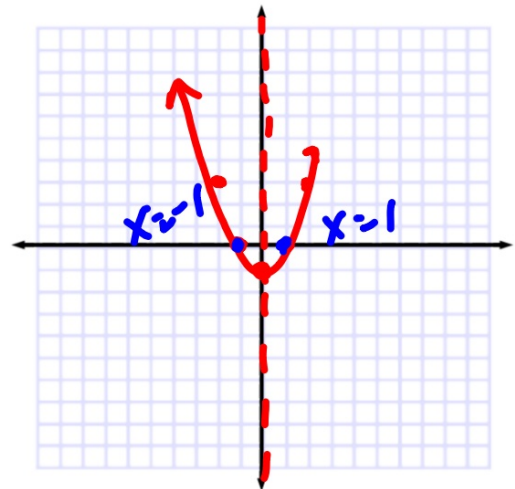
$$y =$$

Where does the graph cross the x-axis?  
 What is true about the y-coordinate there?

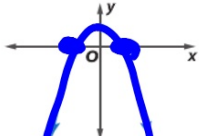
$y = x^2 - 1$       A.O.S.  $-\frac{b}{2a}$   
 $\lambda = \frac{0}{2} = 0$

	$x^2 - 1$	
0	0 - 1	-1
1	1 - 1	0
2	4 - 1	3

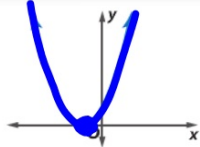
X-int.



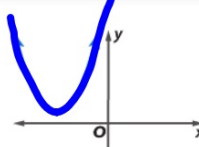
**Key Concept** Solutions of Quadratic Equations



two unique real solutions



one unique real solution



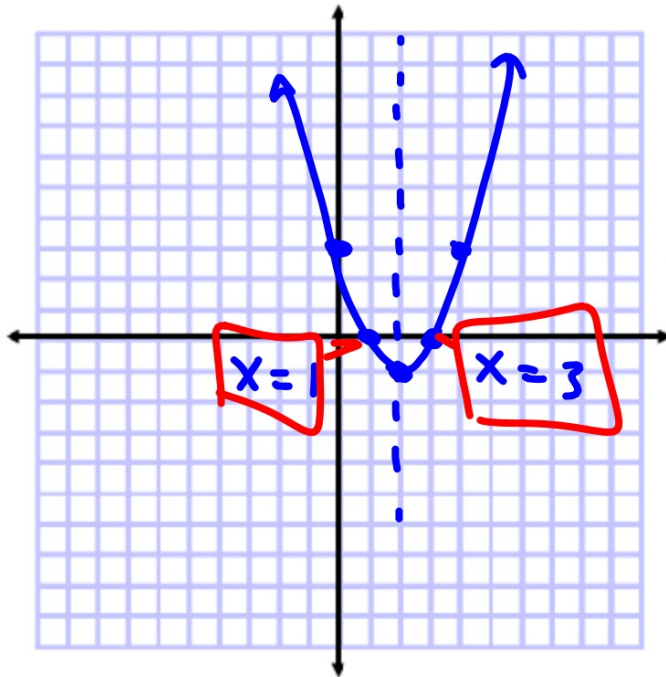
no real solutions

"double root"

**Guided Practice** Solve each equation by graphing.

$$y = -x^2 - 4x + 3$$

$$x = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$



1B  $x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$

Does it open up or down?

Function form (y=)

$x = -b/2a$  etc.

Table of values

A.O.S.  $x = 2$

Answer the question

Solve: where does it cross x-axis?

hint: y-coordinate there is 0

	$x^2 - 4x + 3$	
2	$4 - 8 + 3$	-1
3	$9 - 12 + 3$	0

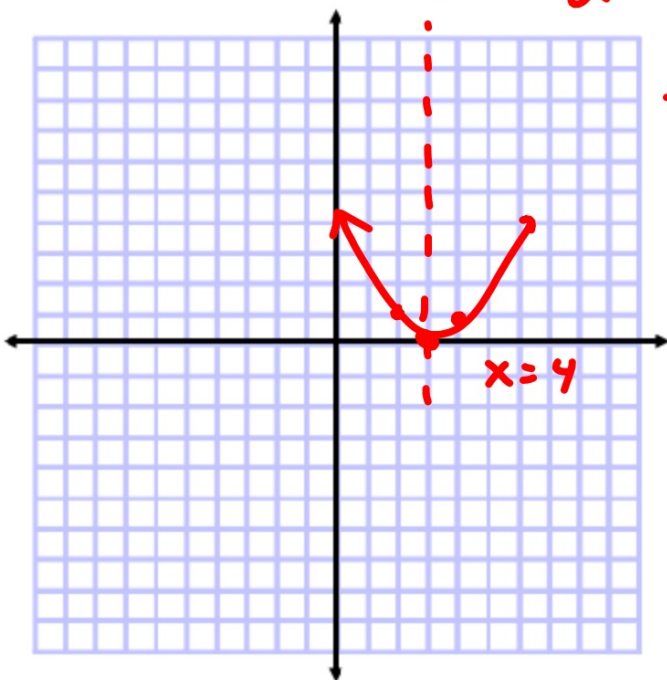
$$y = 1x^2 - 6x + 9.$$

### Example 2 Double Root

Solve  $x^2 - 6x = -9$  by graphing.

$$+9 \quad +9$$

$$x = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$



Change to =0 (if necessary)

Open up or down?

Use function form (y=) for graphing

Answer the question

If your graph is inaccurate...

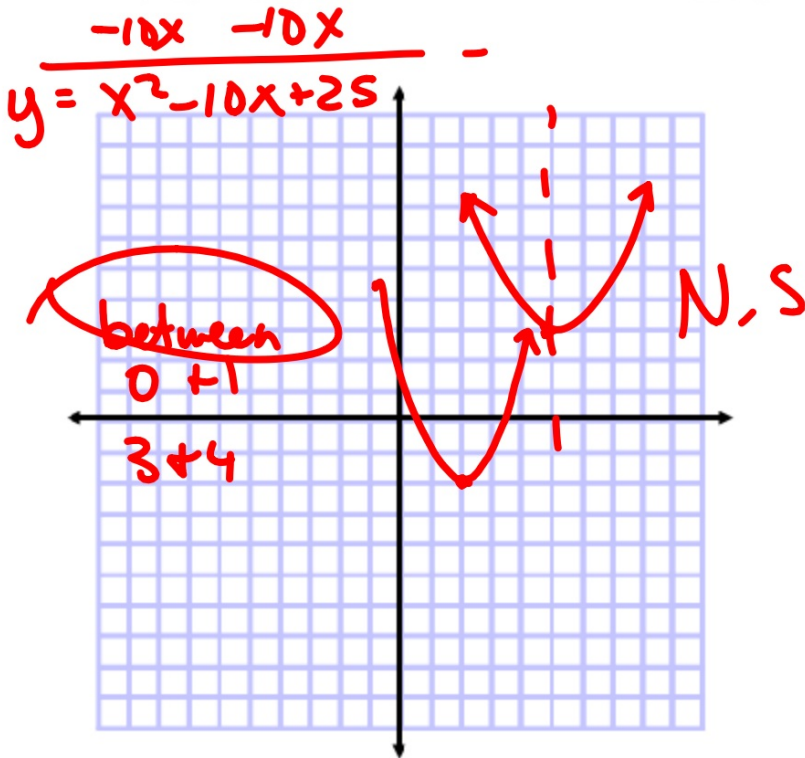
	$x^2 - 6x + 9$	
3	$9 - 18 + 9$	0
4	$16 - 24 + 9$	1

Guided Practice

Solve each equation by graphing.

2A.  $x^2 + 25 = 10x$

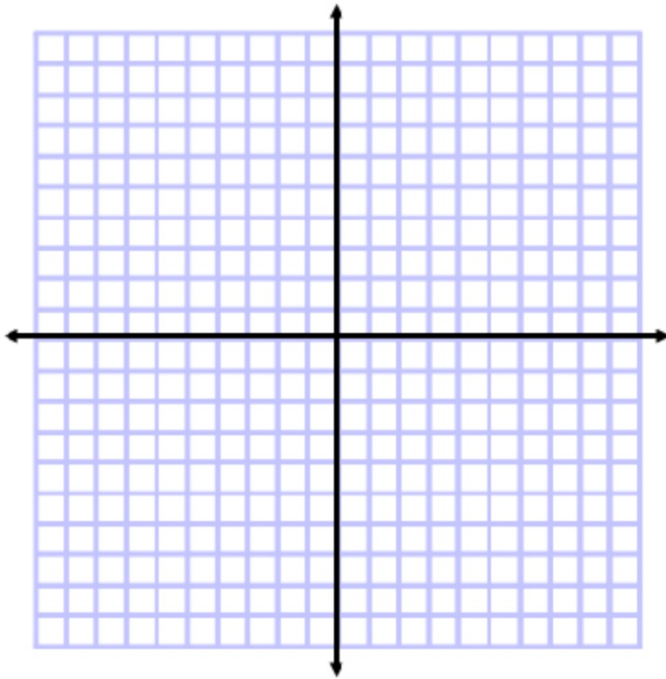
2B.  $x^2 = -8x - 16$



Rearrange  
(if necessary)  
Change to function  
form

**Example 3** No Real Roots

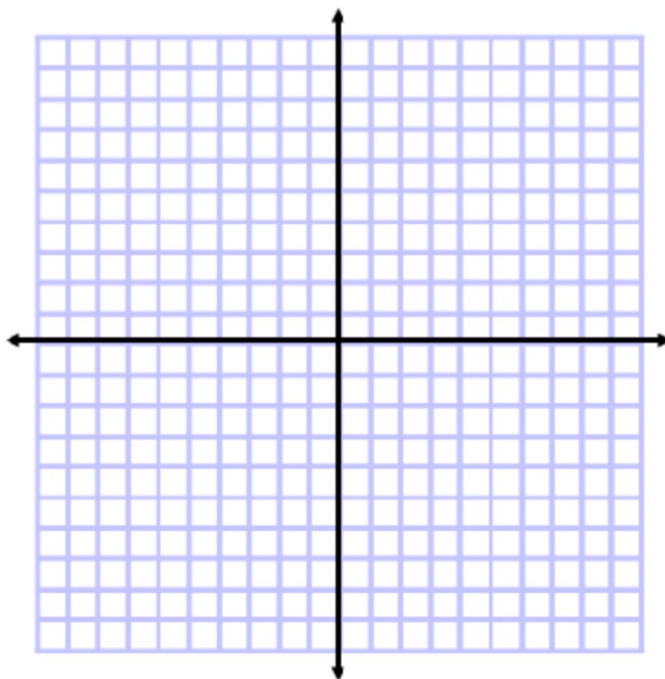
Solve  $2x^2 - 3x + 5 = 0$  by graphing.



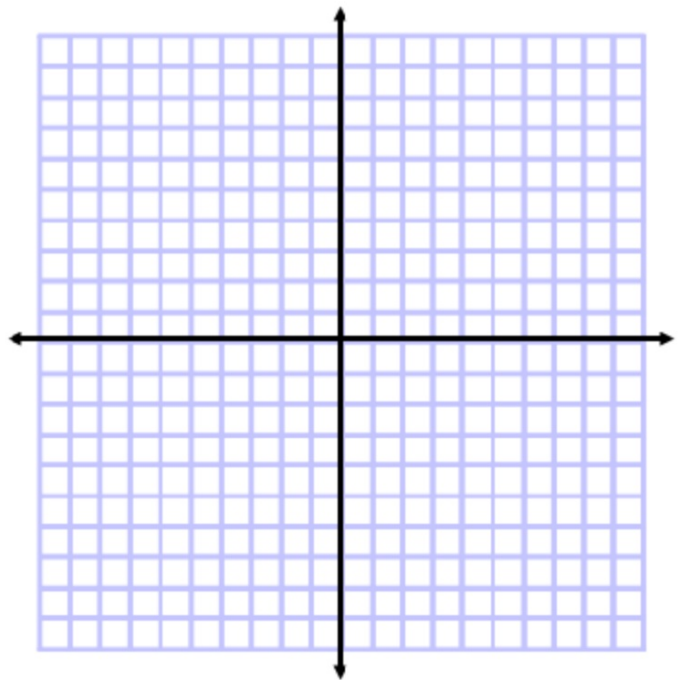
complex number

Solve each equation by graphing.

3A.  $-x^2 - 3x = 5$



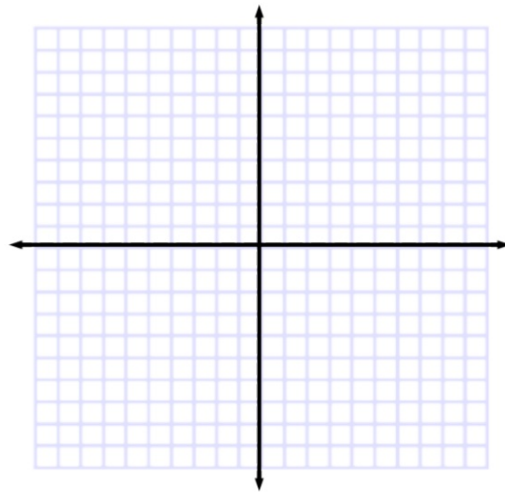
3B.  $-2x^2 - 8 = 6x$



What if the answer isn't an integer?

What is it between? (Instead of estimating...)

$y = x^2 + 3x - 1$

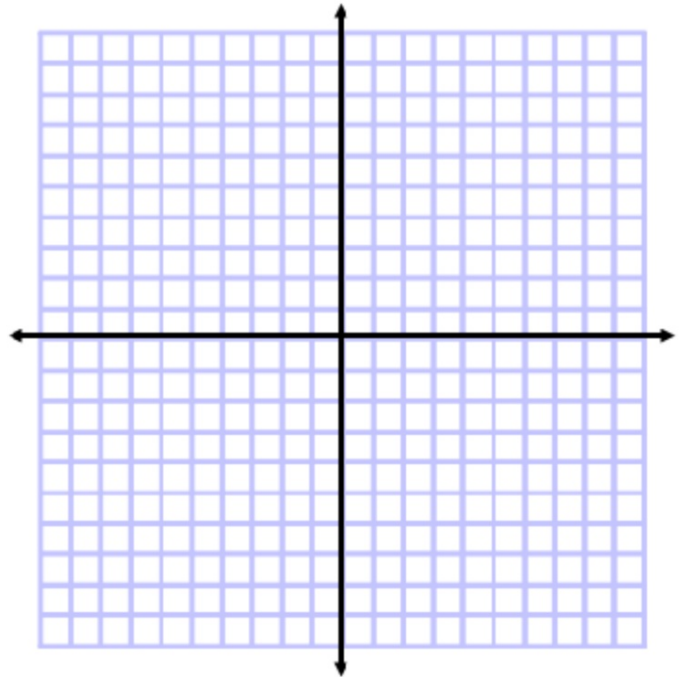


**Example 4** Approximate Roots with a Table

Solve  $x^2 + 6x + 6 = 0$  by graphing. If integral roots cannot be found, estimate the roots to the nearest tenth.

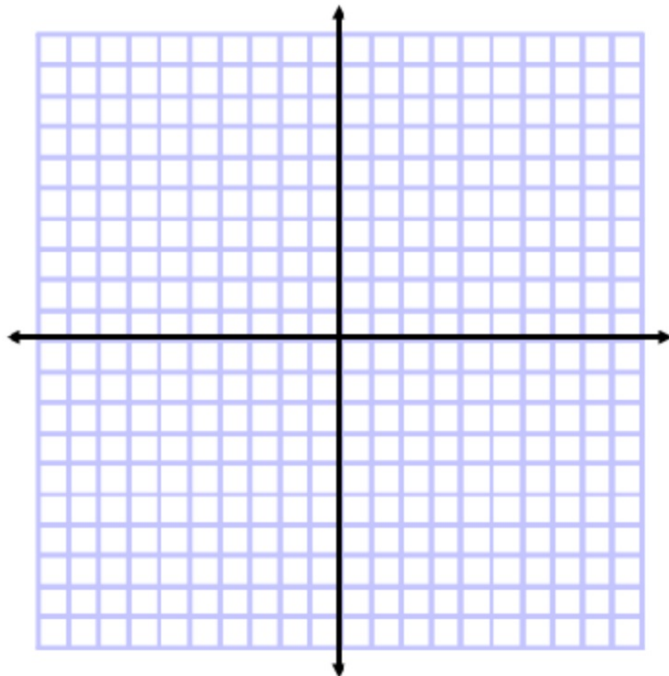
between

if not integers...  
what is it between?  
vs  
nearest tenth?



### Guided Practice

4. Solve  $2x^2 + 6x - 3 = 0$  by graphing. If integral roots cannot be found, estimate the roots to the nearest tenth.



What is it between?  
vs  
nearest tenth?

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9.2 p558

1-23 odd