

Trig 3.6

Find the extrema of a function

critical point (value, numbers)

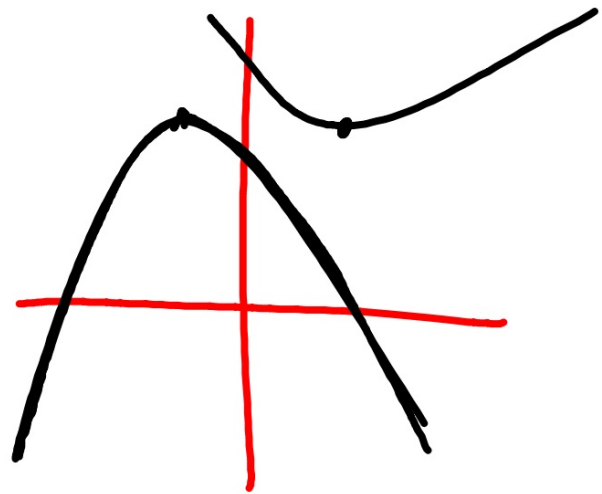
maximum (absolute, relative)

minimum (absolute, relative)

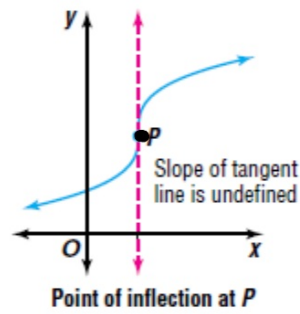
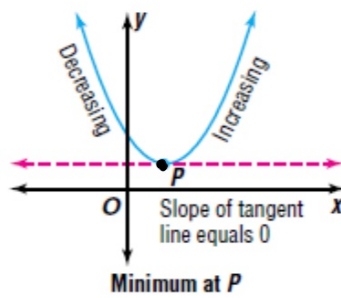
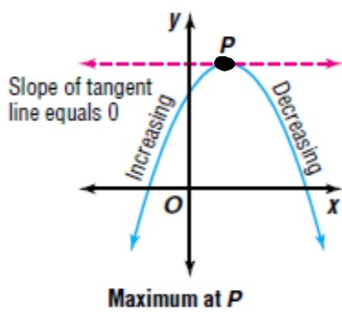
inflection point

extrema (extremum): all max, min,
inflection points (only if they ask)

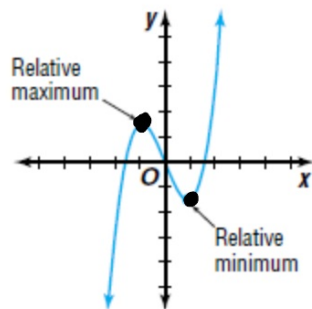
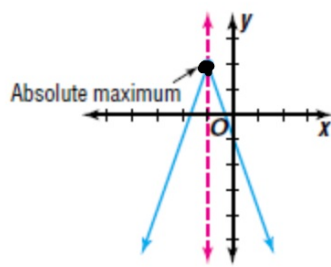
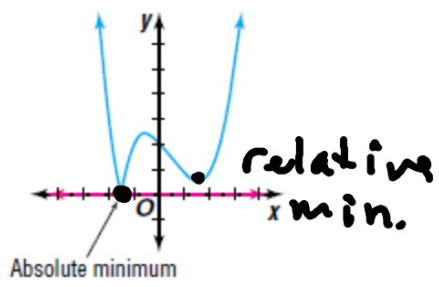
activity: graphing calculators/ trace/ table



spaghetti follows curve



Where does slope change?



Don't overthink
this...
Mountaintops
Valleys
Other

Critical Points	
For $f(x)$ with $(a, f(a))$ as a critical point and h as a small value greater than zero	
<p>"lower-higher-lower" $f(a)$ is a maximum.</p>	<p>"higher-lower-higher" $f(a)$ is a minimum.</p>
<p>"higher-pause-lower" $f(a)$ is a point of inflection.</p>	<p>"lower-pause-higher" $f(a)$ is a point of inflection.</p>

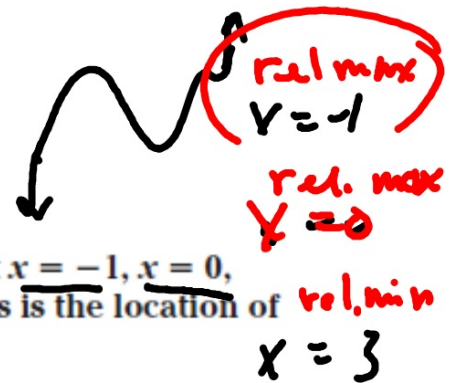
Critical point: something interesting is happening here at $x = \text{whatever}$.

What is it?

Estimate (graph) by eyeball

Prove it! (table) look at y-coords.

$$2x^5 - 5x^4 - 10x^3$$



- 3 The function $f(x) = 2x^5 - 5x^4 - 10x^3$ has critical points at $x = -1$, $x = 0$, and $x = 3$. Determine whether each of these critical points is the location of a maximum, a minimum, or a point of inflection.

