

Trig 5.2

Find the values of trig ratios for all 6 trig functions

Determine (exact) trig values of special angles: handy angles
(30, 45, 60 degrees)

Express trig ratios as exact or approximate ratios

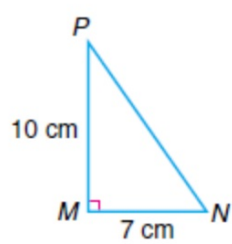
csc	$\frac{h}{o}$	sin	$\frac{o}{h}$
sec	$\frac{h}{a}$	cos	$\frac{a}{h}$
cot	$\frac{a}{o}$	tan	$\frac{o}{a}$
cofunctions			

handy angles

whiteboards

Exact answers

- 4 Find the values of the six trigonometric ratios for $\angle P$.



p. 287

Handy angles

θ	$\sin \theta$	$\cos \theta$	$\tan \theta$	$\csc \theta$	$\sec \theta$	$\cot \theta$
----------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

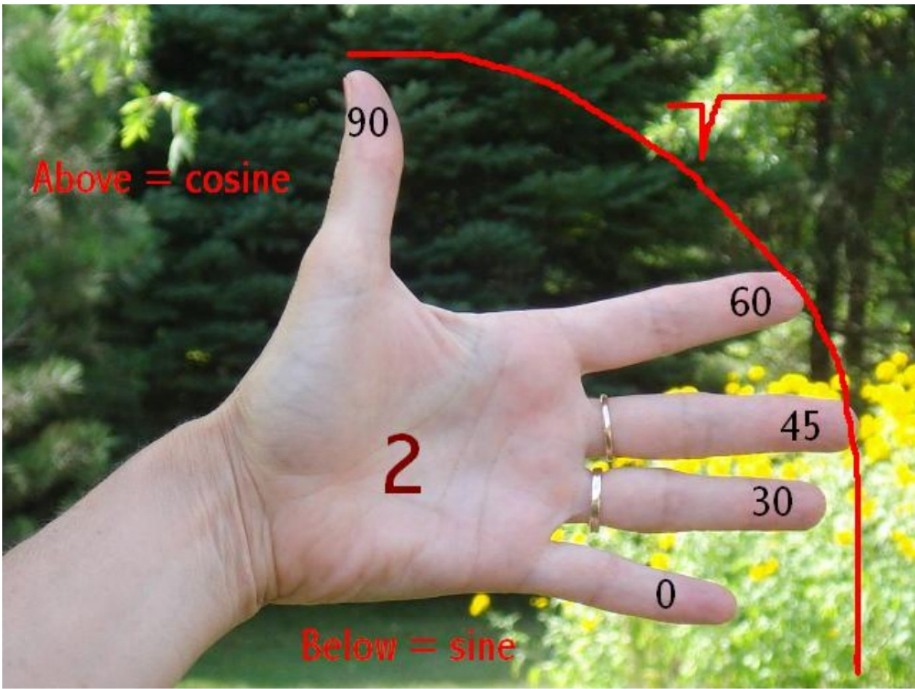
30°	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
45°	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	1	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2}$	1
60°	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\sqrt{3}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$	$\frac{2}{1} = 2$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1} \cdot \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

Surprise quiz some day...

$$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$



"of its complement"

p. 287

Cofunctions

$$\sin \theta = \cos (90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$\cos \theta = \sin (90^\circ - \theta)$$

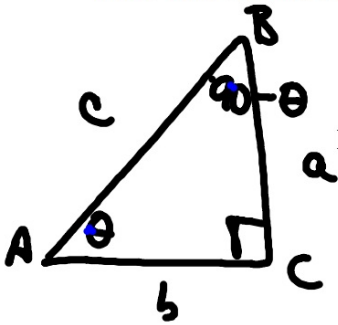
$$\tan \theta = \cot (90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$\cot \theta = \tan (90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$\sec \theta = \csc (90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$\csc \theta = \sec (90^\circ - \theta)$$

Not the same as reciprocal functions



Draw triangle, where are complementary angles?

$$\sin \theta = \frac{a}{c}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$\sin(90 - \theta) = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$\cos(90 - \theta) = \frac{a}{c}$$

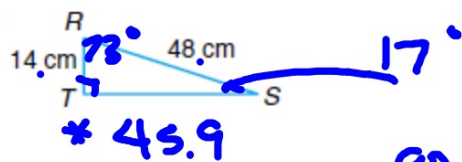
$$\tan(90 - \theta) = \frac{b}{a}$$

"complementary"---duh

complementary sin

Find the angle: inverse sin...cos...etc.
Calculator in degrees (for now...)

20.



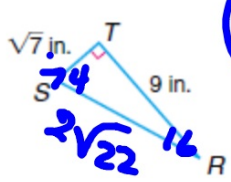
$$m\angle S = ?$$

$$\sin \frac{\theta}{4} = \frac{14}{48}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 90 + x + 17 = 180 \\ -90 \qquad \qquad -90 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x + 17 = 90$$

22.



$$(\sqrt{7})^2 + 9^2$$

$$7 + 81 = h^2$$

$$\sqrt{88} = h$$

$$2\sqrt{22} = \sqrt{88}$$

$$SR = 2\sqrt{22}$$

$$m\angle S = 74^\circ$$

$$m\angle R = 16^\circ$$

$$\tan R = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{9}$$

Change to decimal form...

24. Use a calculator to determine the value of each trigonometric ratio.

a. $\sin 52^\circ 47'$

52.7833

b. $\cos 79^\circ 15'$

0.7964

c. $\tan 88^\circ 22' 45''$

d. $\cot 36^\circ$

$$\tan 36 = \frac{1}{\cot 36}$$

$$\cot 36 = \frac{1}{\tan 36}$$
$$= 1.3764$$

Uh oh...No cotangent button on calc! :(

