

angle CCW
distance pyth. + h.m.

Graph polar equations

ordered pair (r, θ)

polar coordinate system (r, θ)

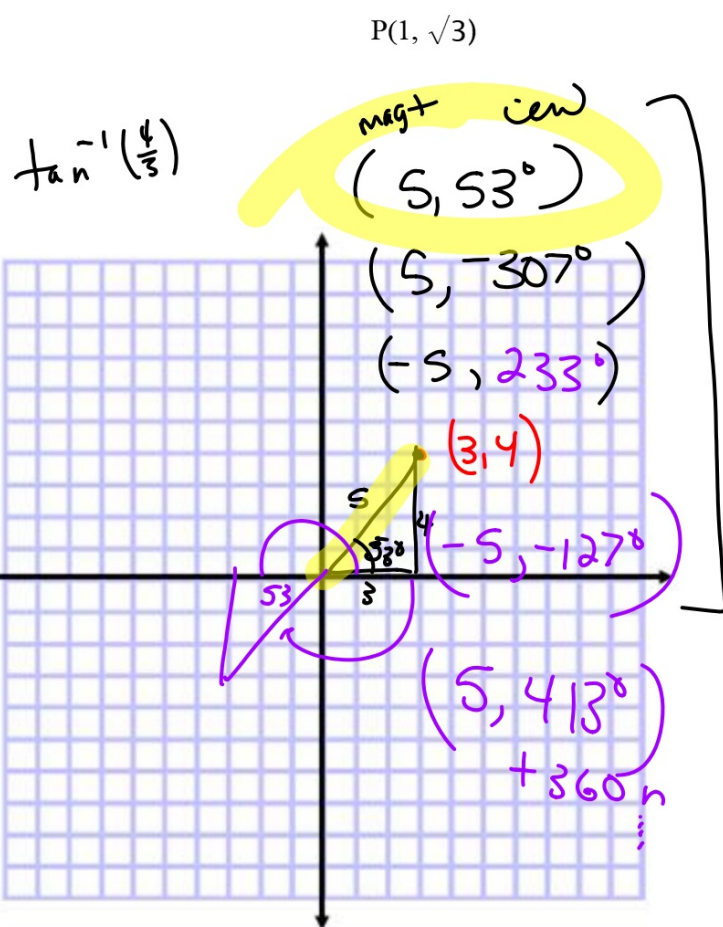
pole (origin)

polar equation r, θ

polar graph

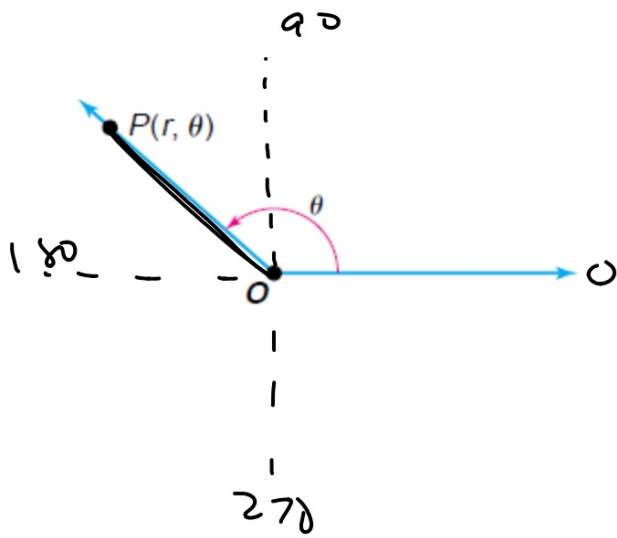
L.O.C, distance P.T.

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos A$$



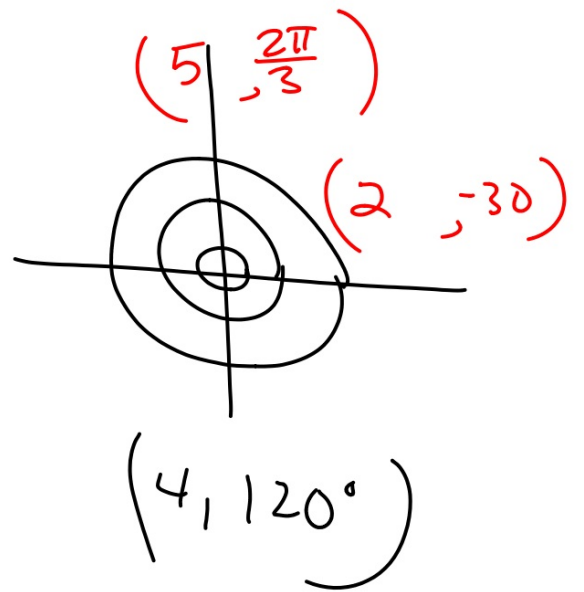
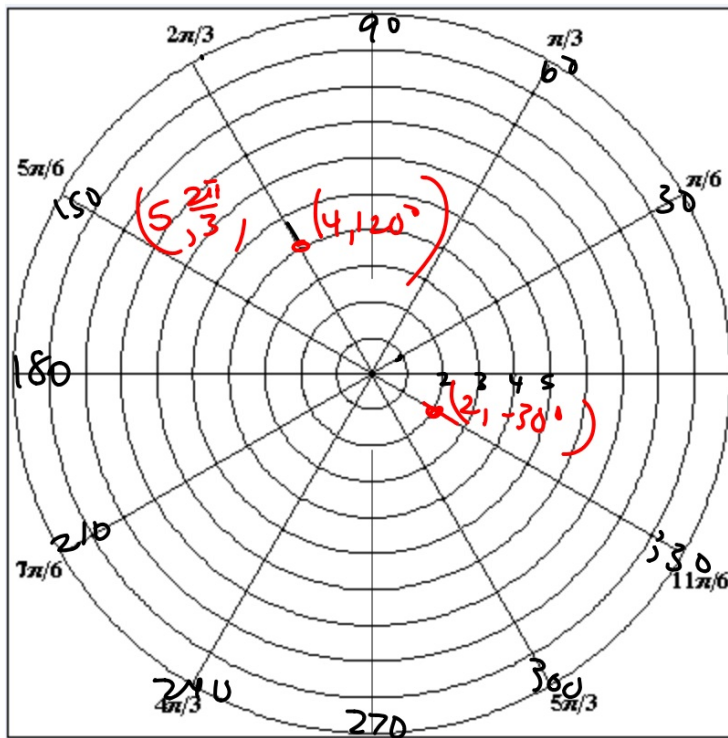
Floor graphs

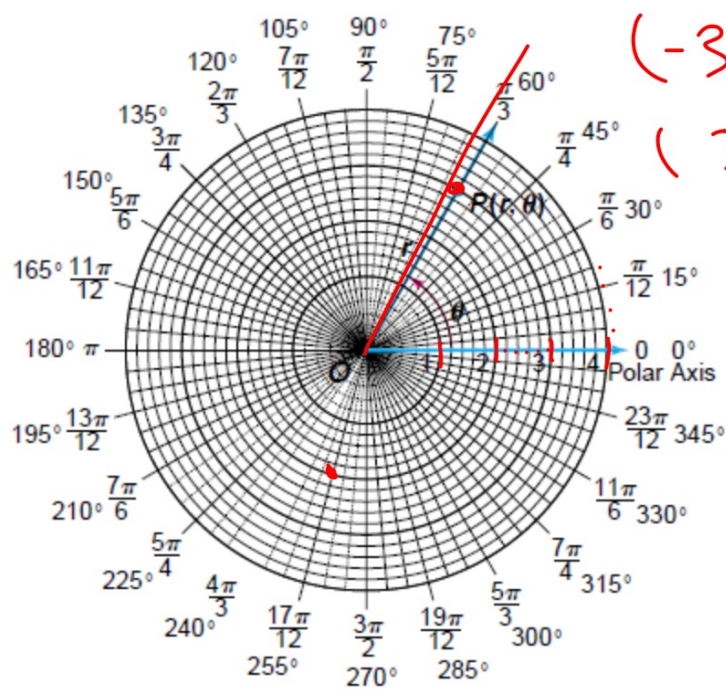
1. rotate CCW
2. step (forward)



But what if the angle is negative?

Polar graphs





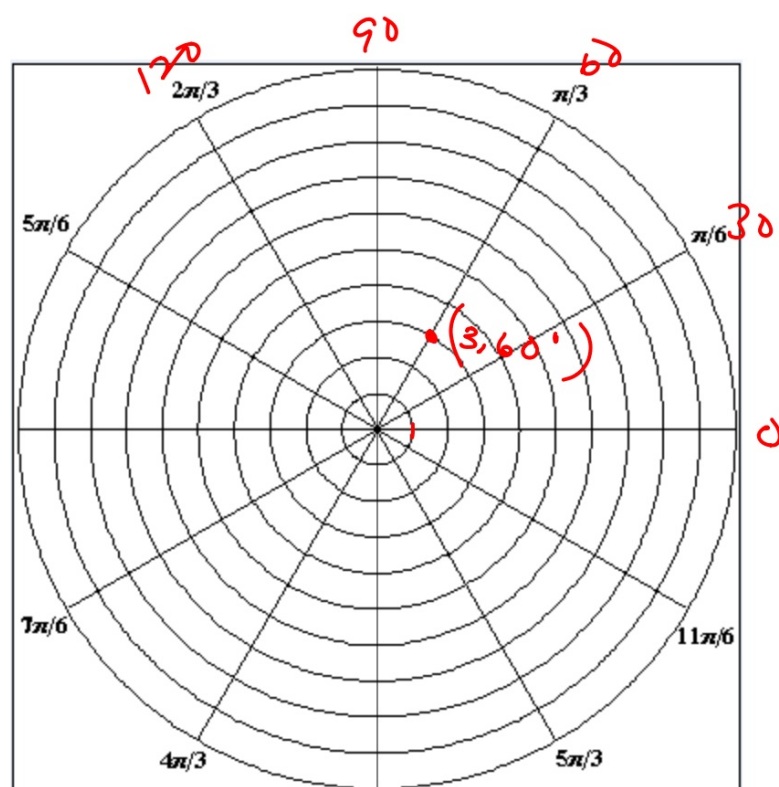
$$(-3, 60^\circ)$$

$$(3, \frac{\pi}{3})$$

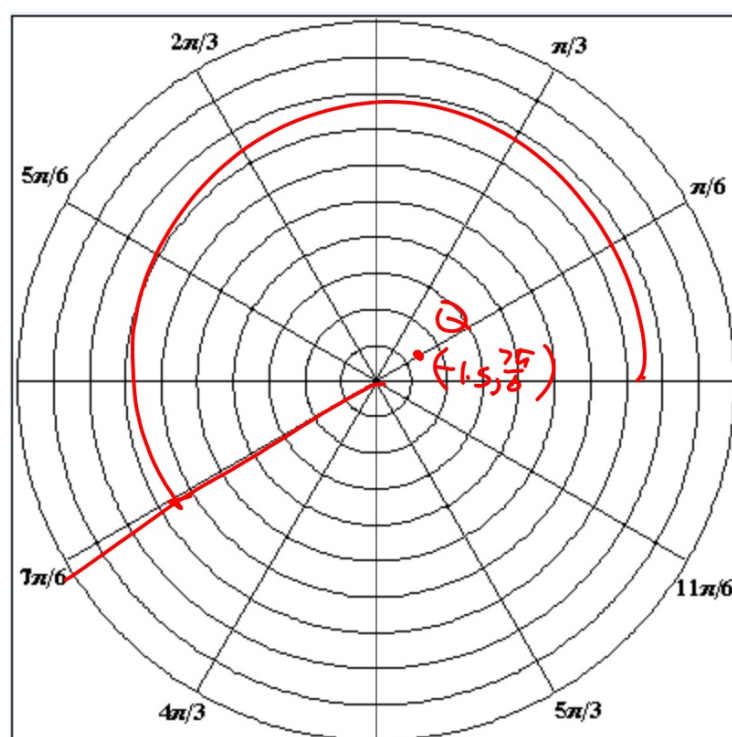
What if the distance is negative?

- 1** Graph each point.
a. $P(3, 60^\circ)$

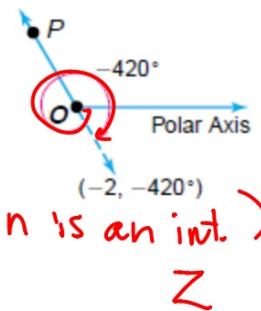
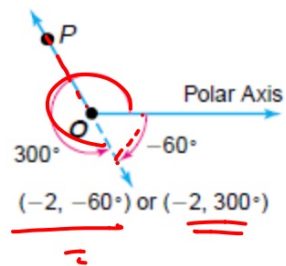
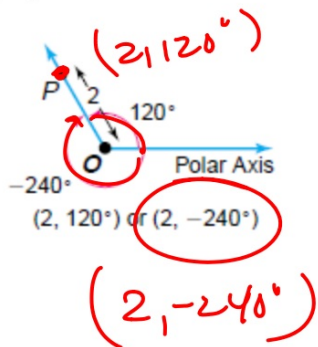
$$(4, 120^\circ)$$



b. $Q\left(-1.5, \frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$



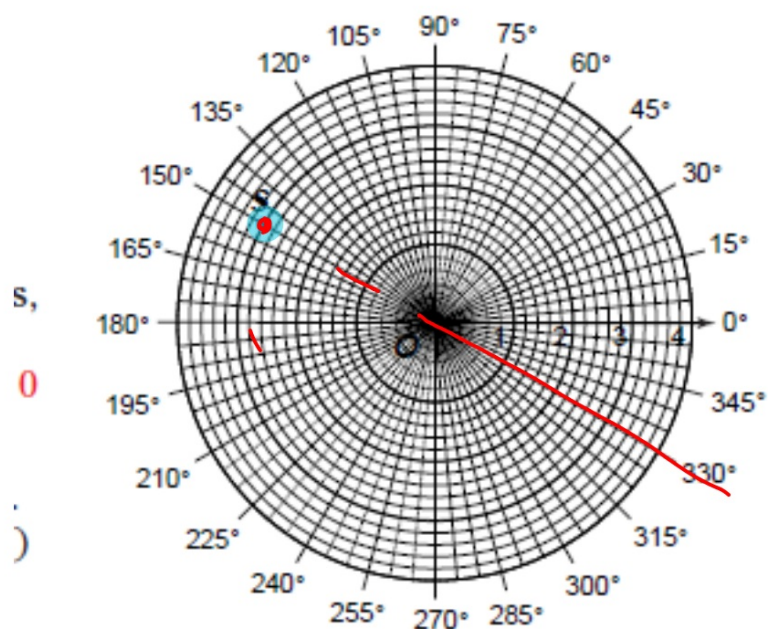
Name the point 4 ways:
Floor graphs



$$n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

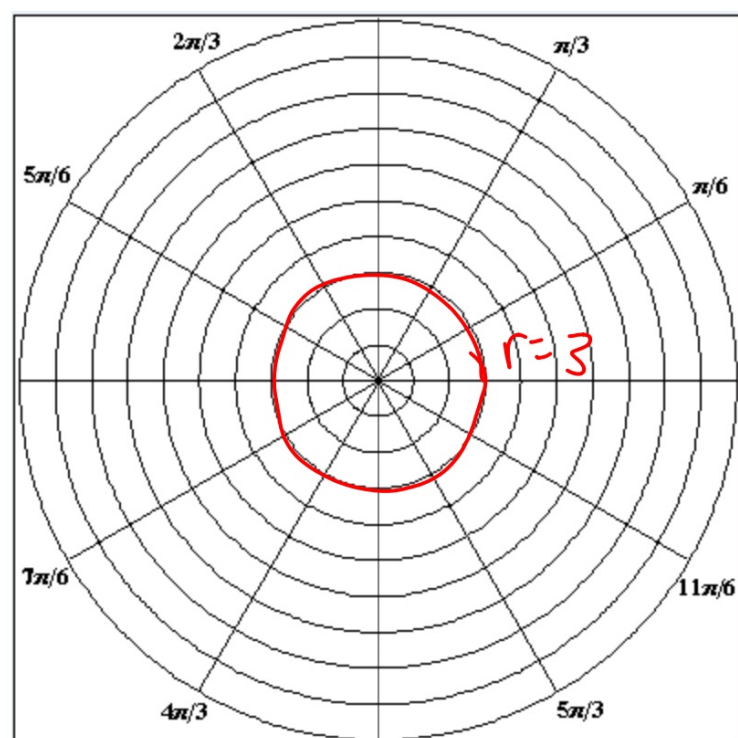
- 3 Name four different pairs of polar coordinates that represent point S on the graph with the restriction that $-360^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$.

* $(3, 150^\circ)$
 $(3, -210^\circ)$
 $(-3, 330^\circ)$
 $(-3, -30^\circ)$



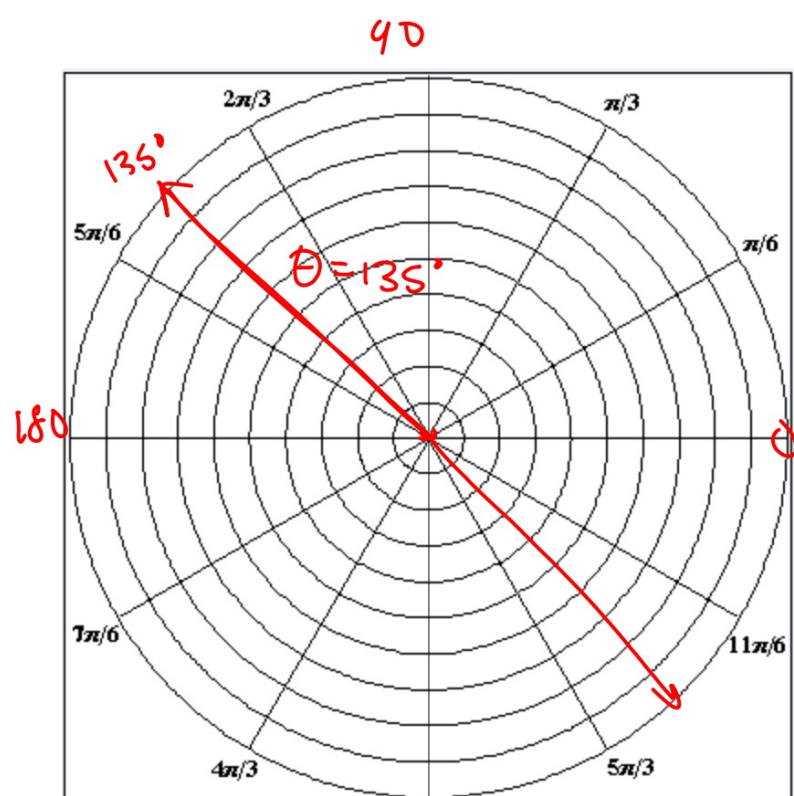
4 Graph each polar equation.

a. $r = 3$



b. $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

$\theta = 135^\circ$



9.1 17-41 odd

Distance
Formula in
Polar Plane

If $P_1(r_1, \theta_1)$ and $P_2(r_2, \theta_2)$ are two points in the polar plane, then

11 ~~★~~ $P_1P_2 = \sqrt{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - 2r_1r_2 \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1)}.$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos A$$

Not sure this formula is worthy: comes from law of cosines

Find the distance between the points with the given polar coordinates.

Why $x_2 - x_1$?

42. $P_1(4, 170^\circ)$ and $P_2(6, 105^\circ)$

