Geometry 2.6
Use algebra to write 2-column proofs
Use properties of equality to write geometric proofs
algebraic proof
paragraph proof (sentence form...less formal)
2-column proof (formal proof)
Given (hypothesis)
Prove (conclusion)
activity: scrambled proofs

KeyConcept Properties of Real Numbers		
The following properties are true for any real numbers a , b , and c .		
Addition Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a + c = b + c$.	
Subtraction Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a + c = b + c$.	
Multiplication Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a \cdot c = b \cdot c$.	
Division Property of Equality	If $a = b$ and $c \neq 0$ then, $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{c}$.	
Reflexive Property of Equality	a = a	
Symmetric Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $b = a$.	
Transitive Property of Equality	If $a = b$ and $b = c$, then $a = c$.	
Substitution Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then a may be replaced by b in any equation or expression.	
Distributive Property	a(b+c) = ab + ac	

scrambled proofs

An **algebraic proof** is a proof that is made up of a series of algebraic statements. The properties of equality provide justification for many statements in algebraic proofs.

Example 1 Justify Each Step When Solving an Equation

Prove that if -5(x + 4) = 70, then x = -18. Write a justification for each step.

3.
$$-\frac{6x}{-5} = \frac{90}{-5}$$

Real-World Example 2 Write an Algebraic Proof

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SCIENCE If the formula to convert a Fahrenheit temperature to a Celsius temperature is $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$, then the formula to convert. Cobjust to operature to a Fahrenheit temperature is $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$. Vrite a two-column proof to verify this conjecture.

Begin by stating what is given and what you are to prove.

Given:
$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

Prove: $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$

Where do I start? Where am I trying to go?



Proof:

1.
$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

1. Given

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

StudyTip

Commutative and **Associative Properties**

Throughout this text we shall assume that if a, b, and c are real numbers, then the following properties are true.

Commutative Property of Addition

$$a+b=b+a$$

Commutative Property of Multiplication

$$a \cdot b = b \cdot a$$

Associative Property of Addition

$$(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$$

Associative Property of Multiplication

$$(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$$

Callback to algebra:



Property	Segments	Angles
Reflexive	AB = AB	$m \angle 1 = m \angle 1$
Symmetric	If $AB = CD$, then $CD = AB$.	If $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$, then $m \angle 2 = m \angle 1$.
Transitive	If $AB = CD$ and $CD = EF$, then $AB = EF$.	If $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$ and $m \angle 2 = m \angle 3$, then $m \angle 1 = m \angle 3$.

Copy and complete

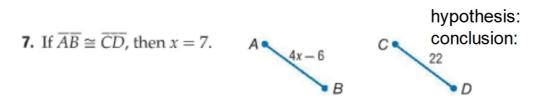
5. Complete the following proof.

Given:
$$\frac{y+2}{3} = 3$$

Prove: y = 7

Proof:

Statements	Reasons
a. 472 = 3	a. Given
b. $3\left(\frac{y+2}{2}\right) = 3(3)$	b. Mult prof.
c. y +2 = 9	c. Sub31.
d. $y = 7$	d. Subtraction Property



Given:

Prove:

Required: copy given, prove, diagram

where to start? where am I going? map?

Logical, convincing, airtight Each statement must have a reason

Example 3 Write a Geometric Proof

If $\angle FGJ \cong \angle JGK$ and $\angle JGK \cong \angle KGH$, then x = 6. Write a two-column proof to verify this conjecture.

Given: $\angle FGJ \cong \angle JGK, \angle JGK \cong \angle KGH,$ $m\angle FGJ = 6x + 7, m\angle KGH = 8x - 5$

Prove: x = 6 **Proof:**

Statements

1. $m \angle FGH = 6x + 7$, $m \angle KGH = 8x - 5$ $\angle FGJ \cong \angle JGK$; $\angle JGK \cong \angle KGH$ Reasons

1. Given

2.

3.

4.

5. 6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

State the property that justifies each statement.

13. If
$$5(x + 7) = -3$$
, then $5x + 35 = -3$.

14. If
$$m \angle 1 = 25$$
 and $m \angle 2 = 25$, then $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$.

15. If
$$AB = BC$$
 and $BC = CD$, then $AB = CD$.

16. If
$$3\left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right) = 4$$
, then $3x - 2 = 4$.

Copy and

ARGUMENTS Complete each proof.

17. Given: $\frac{8-3x}{4} = 32$

Prove: x = -40

Proof:

Statements	Reasons
a. $\frac{8-3x}{4}=32$	a. Given
a. $\frac{8-3x}{4} = 32$ b. $4\left(\frac{8-3x}{4}\right) = 4(32)$	b ?
c. $8 - 3x = 128$	c ?
d?	d. Subtraction Property
e. <i>x</i> = −40	e. <u>?</u>