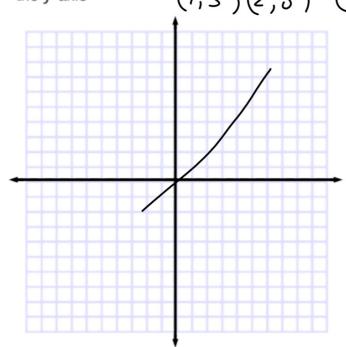
Geometry Review for Ch. 9 test (Mon.)

Quiz 9.6

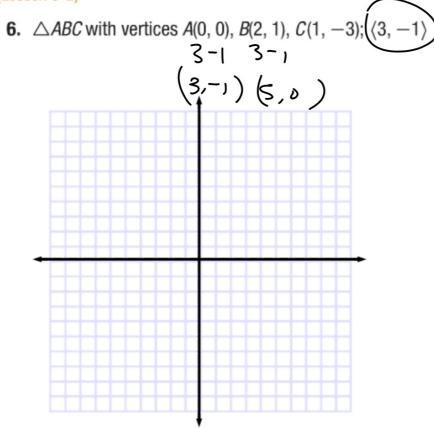
Graph each figure and its image after the specified reflection. (Lesson 9-1)

3. \triangle FGH has vertices F(-4, 3), G(-2, 0), and H(-1, 4); in the y-axis (4, 3)(2, 0)(1, 4)



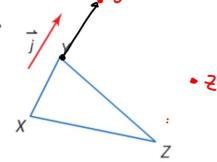
Graph each figure and its image after the specified translation.

(Lesson 9-2)

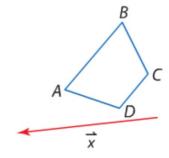


Copy the figure and the given translation vector. Then draw the translation of the figure along the translation vector. (Lesson 9-2)

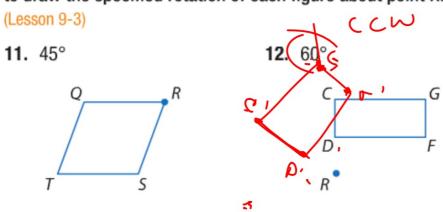




9.

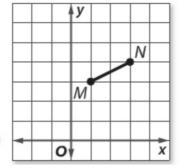


Copy each polygon and point R. Then use a protractor and rule to draw the specified rotation of each figure about point R.



13. MULTIPLE CHOICE What is the image of point *M* after a rotation of 90° about the origin? (Lesson 9-3)

90° (x y) (-y,x)



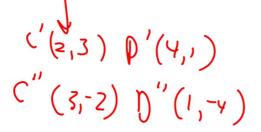
*180 (-x,-y)

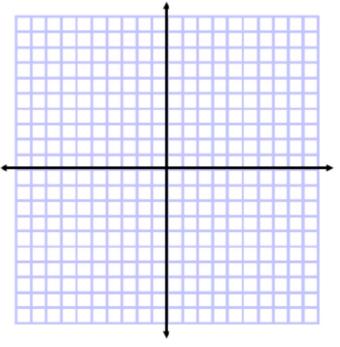
90° Rotation To rotate a point 90° counterclockwise about the origin, multiply the <i>y</i> -coordinate by -1 and then interchange the <i>x</i> - and <i>y</i> -coordinates. Symbols $(x, y) \leftarrow (-y, x)$	Example P'(-2,5) 90° P(5,2)
180° Rotation To rotate a point 180° counterclockwise about the origin, multiply the x - and y -coordinates by -1 . Symbols $(x, y) \mapsto (-x, -y)$	Example 180° P (5, 2) X
270° Rotation To rotate a point 270° counterclockwise about the origin, multiply the x -coordinate by -1 and then interchange the x - and y -coordinates. Symbols $(x, y) - (y, -x)$	Example 270° P (5, 2) P (2, -5)

Q__ Compositions of Transformations

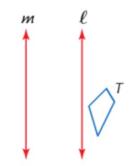
Graph each figure with the given vertices and its image after the indicated transformation.

23. \overline{CD} : C(3, 2) and D(1, 4)Reflection: in y = xRotation: 270° about the origin.





26. Copy and reflect figure T in line ℓ and then line m. Then describe a single transformation that maps T onto T''.



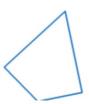
9-5 Symmetry

State whether each figure appears to have line symmetry. Write *yes* or *no*. If so, copy the figure, draw all lines of symmetry, and state their number.

27.



28.



State whether each figure has rotational symmetry. Write *yes* or *no*. If so, copy the figure, locate the center of symmetry, and state the order and magnitude of symmetry.

29.

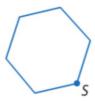


30.



9-6 Dilations

32. Copy the figure and point *S*. Then use a ruler to draw the image of the figure under a dilation with center *S* and scale factor *r* = 1.25.



Example 6

Square ABCD has vertices A(0, 0), B(0, 8), C(8, 8), and D(8, 0). Find the image of ABCD after a dilation centered at the origin with a scale factor of 0.5.

