

Geometry Review Ch. 6
Ch. 6 test is Wed.

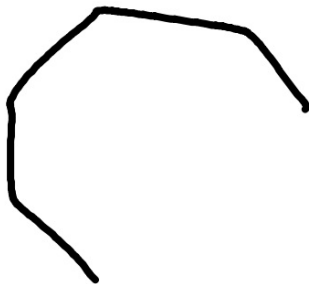
Project (group) due today
Reflection (individual) due Wed.

~~PT p. 453~~

Example 1

Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex 22-gon.

regular $20 \cdot 180$
 $= 3600$



$$\frac{3600}{22} = 163.6$$

Example 2

The measure of an interior angle of a regular polygon is 157.5. Find the number of sides in the polygon.

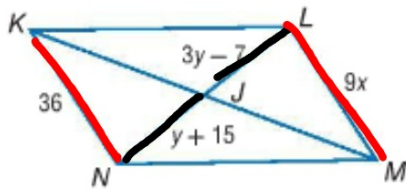
16



$$\frac{22.5n}{22.5} = \frac{360}{22.5}$$

Example 3

ALGEBRA If $KLMN$ is a parallelogram, find the value of the indicated variable.



$$y = 11$$

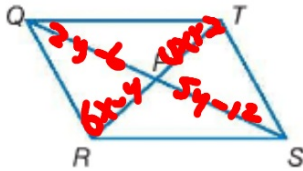
$$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{36}{9}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3y - 7 = y + 15 \\ -y \quad -y \quad +7 \\ \hline 2y = 22 \end{array}$$

Example 4

If $TP = 4x + 2$, $QP = 2y - 6$, $PS = 5y - 12$, and $PR = 6x - 4$, find x and y so that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram.

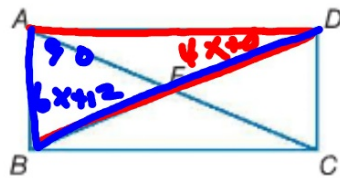


$$6x - 4 = 4x + 2$$

$$2y - 6 = 5y - 12$$

Example 5

ALGEBRA Quadrilateral $ABCD$ is a rectangle. If $m\angle ADB = 4x + 8$ and $m\angle DBA = 6x + 12$, find x .



$$90 + 6x + 12 + 4x + 8 = 180$$

Example 6

The diagonals of rhombus $QRST$ intersect at P . Use the information to find each measure or value.

- a. **ALGEBRA** If $QT = x + 7$ and $TS = 2x - 9$, find x .

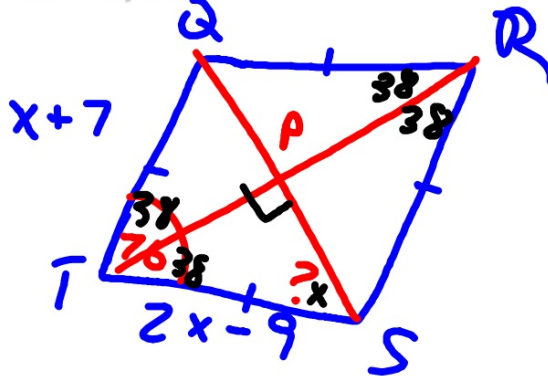
$$2x - 9 = x + 7$$

- b. If $m\angle QTS = 76$, find $m\angle TSP$.

$$90 + 38 + x = 180$$

$$128 + x = 180$$

$$x = 52$$

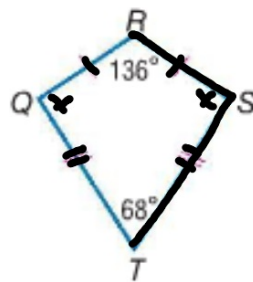


Example 7

If $QRST$ is a kite, find $m\angle RST$.

Since $\angle Q \cong \angle S$, $m\angle Q = m\angle S$.

Write and solve an equation to find $m\angle S$.

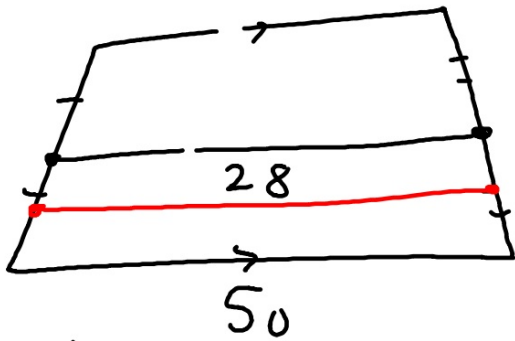


$$136 + 68 + 2x = 360$$

$$204 + 2x = 360$$

$$2x = 156$$

$$x = 78$$



$$\frac{(X+50)}{2} = 28$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{25}{2} = 28$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x = 3$$

$$x = 6$$

SG-R
12-42e
p. 450