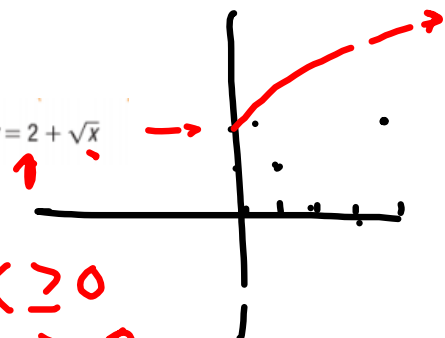


Algebra 2

Review Ch. 6

3:30

21. $y = 2 + \sqrt{x}$



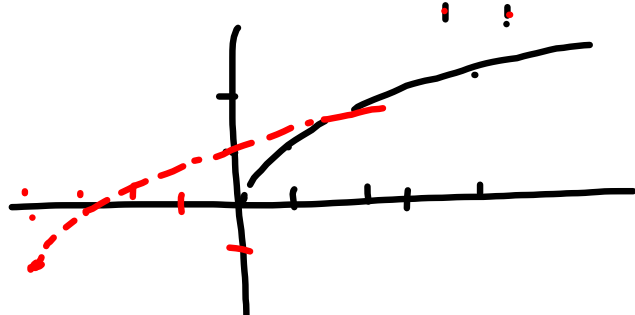
D $x \geq 0$
 R $y \geq 2$

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Graph each function. State the domain and range of each function. (Lesson 6-3)

21. $y = 2 + \sqrt{x}$

22. $y = \sqrt{x+4} - 1$



D $x \geq -4$
 R $y \geq -1$

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Simplify. (Lesson 6-4)

24. $\pm\sqrt{121a^4b^{18}}$

$\pm 11a^2b^9$

25. $\sqrt{(x^4+3)^{12}}$

$(x^4+3)^6$

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28. $\sqrt[3]{8(x+4)^6}$

$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

$2(x+4)^2$

29. $\sqrt[4]{16(y+x)^8}$

$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

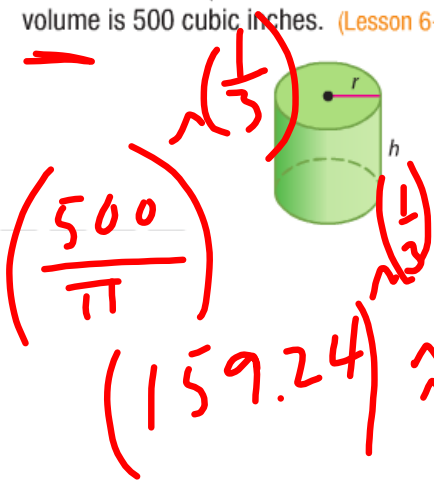
$2(y+x)^2$

total index
neg OK

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30. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** The radius of the cylinder below is equal to the height of the cylinder. The radius r can be found using the formula $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{V}{\pi}}$. Find the radius of the cylinder if the volume is 500 cubic inches. (Lesson 6-4)

$$V = \text{area} \cdot h$$



$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{V}{\pi}}$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{500}{\pi}}$$

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p 443 ET p 441 (ish)
 (40) SGR 3:30
 51-810
 alg 2. cindy. mar 26
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 HW folder

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