

Algebra 2 7.8

Use logarithms to solve problems involving exponential growth and decay

Use logarithms to solve problems of logistic growth

logistic

• half-life \rightarrow time

$e \rightarrow \ln$

$(\ln e)^{2x}$

• carbon dating

$10 \rightarrow \log$

1000 \rightarrow 500 \rightarrow 250 \rightarrow 125 \rightarrow

C_{-12}

C_{14}

The exponential growth equation $y = ae^{kt}$ is identical to the continuously compounded interest formula you learned in Lesson 7-7.

Continuous Compounding

$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

P = initial amount

A = amount at time t

r = interest rate

Population Growth

$$y = ae^{kt}$$

a = initial population

y = population at time t

k = rate of continuous growth

Real-World Example 3 Continuous Exponential Growth

POPULATION In 2007, the population of the state of Georgia was 9.36 million people. In 2000, it was 8.18 million.

a. Determine the value of k , Georgia's relative rate of growth.

(2007, 9.36)
(2000, 8.18)

$k \approx 0.01925$
 0.0193

$$y = ae^{kt}$$

$$\frac{9.36}{8.18} = \frac{8.18e^{k \cdot 7}}{8.18}$$

$$\ln(1.1443) = \ln e^{7k}$$

$$\frac{0.1348}{7} = \frac{7k}{7}$$

$y = 8.18e^{0.0193t}$
2020
12.03
 ≈ 12 million

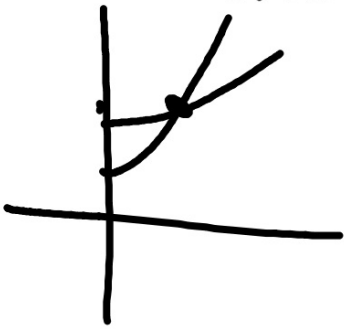
b. When will Georgia's population reach ~~12~~¹⁵ million people?

$$\begin{aligned} 15 &= 8.18 e^{0.0193 t} \\ \frac{15}{8.18} &= \frac{8.18}{8.18} e^{0.0193 t} \\ \ln 1.8337 &= \ln e^{0.0193 t} \\ 0.6064 &= 0.0193 t \\ 31.4 &= t \end{aligned} \quad 2031$$

? 

c. Michigan's population in 2000 was 9.9 million and can be modeled by $y = 9.9e^{0.0028t}$. Determine when Georgia's population will surpass Michigan's.

$$8.18e^{0.0193t} > 9.9e^{0.0028t}$$



$$0.0193t (2.1069) > 0.028t (2.2953)$$

$$0.04066t > 0.0643t$$

$$-0.02364t > 0$$

G > M

Guided Practice

3. **BIOLOGY** A type of bacteria is growing exponentially according to the model $y = 1000e^{kt}$, where t is the time in minutes.

- A. If there are 1000 cells initially and 1650 cells after 40 minutes, find the value of k for the bacteria.
- B. Suppose a second type of bacteria is growing exponentially according to the model $y = 50e^{0.0432t}$. Determine how long it will be before the number of cells of this bacteria exceed the number of cells in the other bacteria.

$$\frac{1650}{1000} = \frac{1000e^{k \cdot 40}}{1000} \quad B > A$$
$$\hookrightarrow 1.65 = e^{40k}$$
$$0.5008 = 40k$$
$$0.0125 = k$$

$$y_A = 1000e^{0.0125t}$$
$$y_B = 50e^{0.0432t} > 1000e^{0.0125t}$$
$$50e$$

(increase/decrease)

 **KeyConcept** Exponential Growth and Decay

Exponential Growth

Exponential growth can be modeled by the function

$$f(x) = ae^{kt},$$

where a is the initial value, t is time in years, and k is a constant representing the **rate of continuous growth**.

Exponential Decay

Exponential decay can be modeled by the function

$$f(x) = ae^{-kt},$$

where a is the initial value, t is time in years, and k is a constant representing the **rate of continuous decay**.

half-life = length of TIME
If you start with 100%... \rightarrow 50%

Real-World Example 1 Exponential Decay



SCIENCE The half-life of a radioactive substance is the time it takes for half of the atoms of the substance to disintegrate. The half-life of Carbon-14 is 5730 years. Determine the value of k and the equation of decay for Carbon-14.

$$\frac{50}{100} = \frac{100}{100} e^{k \cdot 5730}$$
$$\underline{.5 = e^{5730k}}$$
$$-0.6931 = 5730k$$

$$k = -0.000121$$
$$-0.000121t$$
$$= ae$$

Guided Practice

1. The half-life of Plutonium-239 is 24,000 years. Determine the value of k .

$$50 = 100e^{k \cdot 24,000}$$
$$.5 = e^{-0.0000289t}$$
$$-0.6931 = 24000k$$
$$k = -0.0000289$$

So if it was 100% then...



Real-World Example 2 Carbon Dating

SCIENCE A paleontologist examining the bones of a prehistoric animal estimates that they contain 2% as much Carbon-14 as they would have contained when the animal was alive.

a. How long ago did the animal live?

(Use $k = -.00012$ from ex. 1)



Real-WorldLink

The oldest modern human fossil, found in Ethiopia, is approximately 160,000 years old.

Source: National Public Radio

$$\begin{aligned} 2 &= 100e^{-0.00012t} \\ \ln 0.02 &= \ln e^{-0.00012t} \\ -3.912 &= -0.00012t \\ t &= 32,600 \end{aligned}$$

- b. If prior research points to the animal being around 20,000 years old, how much Carbon-14 should be in the animal?

StudyTip

Carbon Dating When given a percent or fraction of decay, use an original amount of 1 for a . (100%)

$$x = 100 e^{20,000(-0.00012)}$$
$$\approx 9\%$$

7. 8

21-550